United States Department of Energy

National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program

Program Management Plan



December 2002

U.S. Department of Energy Idaho Operations Office

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Program Management Plan

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Program Management Plan

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ABSTRACT

This program management plan is the document that sets forth the mission, objectives, plan, organization, and responsibilities for those managing the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program (NSNFP). This plan is consistent with the *DOE-Owned Spent Nuclear Fuel Strategic Plan*; the spent nuclear fuel agreement among the State of Idaho, U.S. Navy, and the DOE; and *The Memorandum of Agreement for Acceptance of Department of Energy Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste*. This program management plan will be revised when necessary to reflect any changes in program strategy, budget, organization, responsibility, or other change that might affect the mission and objectives of the NSNFP.

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ACRONYMS

DOE U.S. Department of Energy

DOE-HQ U.S. Department of Energy—Headquarters

DOE-ID U.S. Department of Energy—Idaho Operations Office

DOE-OR U.S. Department of Energy—Oak Ridge Office

DOE-RL U.S. Department of Energy—Richland Office

DOE-SR U.S. Department of Energy—Savannah River Office

EM Office of Environmental Management

FRR foreign research reactor

INEEL Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory

M&O Management and Operations Contractor

MOA Memorandum of Agreement

NEPA National Environmental Policy Act

NRC U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

NSNFP National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program

OQA Office of Quality Assurance

OCRWM Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management

QA quality assurance

QAPM Quality Assurance Program Manager

QAPP Quality Assurance Program Plan

QARD Quality Assurance Requirements and Description

QAS Quality Assurance Staff

ROD record of decision

RW Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management

SNF spent nuclear fuel

WBS work breakdown structure

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Program Management Plan

1. INTRODUCTION

This document is the program management plan for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program (NSNFP). This plan is consistent with the *DOE-Owned Spent Nuclear Fuel Strategic Plan*¹; the spent nuclear fuel (SNF) agreement among the State of Idaho, U.S. Navy, and the DOE; and the *Memorandum of Agreement* (MOA) for Acceptance of Department of Energy Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste² (as amended by the July 2001 Action Memorandum³). It is also consistent with DOE policies and the decisions made through the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process. This document provides NSNFP's organization, management, and plans for achieving its role in the ultimate disposition of DOE SNF.

1.1 Background

For many years the DOE has managed SNF to support various missions and programs. A process DOE used to manage this material was to chemically separate strategic material such as uranium or plutonium from the waste. As the need for uranium and plutonium decreased, however, it became necessary to store the unprocessed DOE SNF for extended periods of time. DOE had not intended for SNF to be in long-term storage.

In 1992, DOE decided to discontinue reprocessing SNF to recover strategic materials. Both the facilities used for storage and the fuel itself began experiencing the effects of "aging" from this extended storage. New efforts are now necessary to ensure fuel stabilization and facility management until decisions for SNF long-term disposition are made and implemented (per the *DOE-Owned Spent Nuclear Fuel Strategic Plan*).

The term "DOE SNF" will be used throughout this document to represent DOE-managed fuel that has been withdrawn from a nuclear reactor following irradiation, the constituent elements of which have not been separated by reprocessing. The fuel comes from research reactors, production reactors, naval reactors, etc., as well as SNF returned from domestic research reactors and from foreign research reactors (FRRs) to be managed by DOE.

In 1992, the Secretary of Energy directed the Assistant Secretary for the Office of Environmental Management (EM) to develop an integrated, long-term SNF management program. The program would consolidate under EM all DOE SNF and associated facilities not addressed by the DOE Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management (OCRWM). The OCRWM mission is to develop and manage a federal system for disposing all commercial SNF, DOE SNF, and high-level radioactive waste, resulting from atomic energy defense activities. EM is responsible for the management policy and process to prepare DOE SNF for transport and repository acceptance.

In June 1995, DOE issued the Record of Decision (ROD) on the *Department of Energy Programmatic Spent Nuclear Fuel Management and Idaho National Engineering Laboratory Environmental Restoration and Waste Management Program's Environmental Impact Statement.*⁴ The ROD selected "Alternative 4A, Regionalization by Fuel Type" as the chosen option. This ROD was modified to agree with the Consent Order (PSC 1995)⁵ issued on October 17, 1995, modifying the SNF shipments to and from the State of Idaho.

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The amended version of the ROD mandates consolidation of all existing and newly generated SNF at three DOE sites prior to shipment for disposal as indicated below:

- Hanford production reactor fuel and fuel not requiring treatment will remain at Hanford; sodium-bonded Fast Flux Test Facility fuel will be shipped to the Idaho National Engineering and Environmental Laboratory (INEEL) for treatment.
- Naval fuel will be shipped to the INEEL for examination and interim storage.
- Nonaluminum-clad fuels will be consolidated at the INEEL, except Fort St. Vrain fuel, which is in Colorado and will remain there.
- Aluminum-clad fuels will be consolidated at the Savannah River Site.

1.2 Purpose of the NSNFP

In October 1995, the SNF settlement agreement (Consent Order PSC 1995) among the State of Idaho, the DOE, and the U.S. Navy designated the INEEL as the DOE lead laboratory for SNF. The NSNFP is performing this role as stated in the agreement, "DOE shall direct the research, development and testing of treatment, shipment and disposal technologies for all DOE spent fuel, and all such DOE activities shall be coordinated and integrated under the direction of the Manager, DOE-Idaho Operations Office."

In this role, the NSNFP works with OCRWM, the Savannah River Site, the INEEL, the Hanford Site, and the Oak Ridge National Laboratory to:

- Achieve safe and timely disposal of DOE SNF
- Address national DOE SNF issues by identifying information needs, interfaces, and acceptance criteria and developing compliance procedures
- Support OCRWM during the license application process to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)
- Address quality assurance (QA).

The MOA for repository acceptance of DOE SNF further defined the role of the NSNFP. Through the MOA, the NSNFP works with OCRWM to seek to achieve safe and timely disposal of DOE SNF by identifying information needs, interfaces, and acceptance criteria. In addition, NSNFP and OCRWM work to develop compliance plans needed to support both the geologic repository construction authorization and license application to the NRC.

1.2.1 Purpose of the Program Management Plan

This program management plan defines the NSNFP role and establishes the process to plan and implement research, development, testing, and DOE site integration and coordination as part of the EM SNF mission. This plan performs the following functions:

Defines the mission and objectives of the NSNFP

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• Describes the organization of the NSNFP, including its management and structure as it relates to external organizations

- Explains the interfaces among DOE-Headquarters (DOE-HQ), the DOE field sites, OCRWM, and related projects
- Summarizes the planning process including schedules, milestones, and the budget process
- Addresses the management strategies for key projects within the NSNFP.

The NSNFP requires the integrated efforts of DOE-HQ, DOE field or operations offices, and contractors at various sites across the country to meet its objectives. This program management plan provides a uniform set of requirements and expectations for the NSNFP and also adheres to the established principles and guidelines for effective program planning and administration and DOE Order 430.1A, *Life Cycle Asset Management*.⁶

1.2.2 Plan Revisions

This program management plan is a living document that reflects the current status of the NSNFP. The document is controlled and will be revised as strategic decisions are made, progress is achieved, and additional information becomes available. At a minimum, limited revisions will be performed annually to embody the latest detailed work plan information.

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2. MISSION AND OBJECTIVES

2.1 Mission

The NSNFP mission is to provide the technology and guidance needed to ensure safe, efficient handling and disposition of DOE-owned SNF.

2.2 Objectives

The NSNFP provides technology solutions and guidance for safe, efficient management of DOE SNF operating sites. In addition, it supports OCRWM in formulating a licensing strategy and by providing the analyses and research needed to consider all DOE SNF during the repository license application process. The following subsections describe the NSNFP objectives listed below:

- Objective 1—Address research, development, and testing needs
- Objective 2—Ensure DOE SNF acceptance criteria are established
- Objective 3—Ensure repository license includes DOE SNF
- Objective 4—Provide management, integration, and communication.

2.2.1 Objective 1—Address Research, Development, and Testing Needs

The NSNFP directs the research, development, and testing of treatment, shipment, storage, and disposal technologies for all DOE SNF. The NSNFP is challenged to help ensure safe, effective management of SNF generated from 55 DOE, university, and other domestic sites, and FRRs. With more than 250 types of fuel that must be managed, information and technology are vital to ensuring safe and efficient interim and long-term storage and transportation processes for all the DOE SNF.

The NSNFP collaborates with DOE laboratories to develop and deploy technologies. By coordinating common needs for research, technology development, and testing programs, the NSNFP can achieve cost efficiencies and eliminate redundant activities across all the DOE SNF sites. The NSNFP will address needs in four distinct areas of SNF management:

- Solutions for safe, efficient packaging and shipment technologies
- Solutions for safe, interim storage, and ultimate disposition at a repository
- Solutions for adequate characterization
- Compliance with safety and regulatory requirements.

2.2.1.1 Safe, Efficient Packaging and Shipment. According to the *Memorandum of Agreement for Acceptance of Department of Energy Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste*, EM will design and fabricate a standardized DOE SNF canister to accommodate the more than 250 types of DOE SNF. The NSNFP will support the development of the preliminary design, and DOE sites will be responsible for procurement of the canister and shipment.

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The NSNFP will perform additional research and technology development to support the SNF canister and DOE SNF shipments as needed. A remote welding and nondestructive examination process for closure welds is a technology needs example for safe packaging.

- **2.2.1.2 Safe, Interim Storage and Repository Disposal.** The NSNFP will perform materials science research to address the common materials-related risks of interim storage at DOE SNF sites and repository disposal for the DOE SNF. At present these include:
- Finalizing research on SNF degradation and release rate testing
- Developing a long-term corrosion-resistant advanced neutron absorber for components such as canister baskets
- Evaluating canister performance through materials aging, corrosion, degradations, and chemical reactivity testing.
- **2.2.1.3 Characterization.** Consistent with the licensing strategy, the NSNFP must collect and evaluate DOE SNF information to increase confidence and minimize risk during the management of that fuel. The NSNFP will maintain a single source of technical information for all DOE SNF. The technical information will include isotopic information along with other information about mode of storage and physical location.
- **2.2.1.4 Compliance with Safety and Regulatory Requirements.** The NSNFP will facilitate or perform research and contribute analysis in the following areas to minimize the risks associated with DOE SNF handling, transport, and disposal at the repository to include:
- Design basis event analysis to identify possible accident scenarios associated with the handling and management of SNF at the repository and propose appropriate protection for those events
- Total system performance assessment to forecast the behavior of DOE SNF at the proposed repository and for the regulatory time periods
- Criticality analysis to examine criticality safety of DOE SNF and to establish control methods.

2.2.2 Objective 2—Ensure DOE SNF Acceptance Criteria are Established

The NSNFP will provide a unified approach to the DOE SNF sites to prepare their fuel for transport to a repository. The NSNFP will provide guidance to DOE SNF sites to prepare fuel for transport and repository acceptance that is consistent with OCRWM requirements. It will also define the form and contents of the information package being shipped to the repository. The NSNFP will work with OCRWM to establish an acceptable information package for DOE SNF.

The program will provide the planning and integration to execute and conduct the necessary repository analyses and activities required to support the final disposal of DOE SNF. The NSNFP will support OCRWM information needs in the following areas to address repository acceptance requirements as they apply to DOE SNF:

- Postclosure performance
- Preclosure integrated safety assessment
- Criticality analysis.

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2.2.3 Objective 3—Ensure Repository License Includes DOE SNF

The NSNFP will closely support the needs of the repository program to achieve safe and timely disposal of DOE SNF. The NSNFP will support OCRWM in identifying the needed information, interfaces, acceptance criteria, and compliance procedures for license application and construction authorization of the repository and for the transportation system necessary to transfer DOE SNF. Specific goals to meet this objective include:

- Ensuring the DOE SNF is included in the repository design and documents
 - Environmental Impact Statement (1997–2000)
 - Viability Assessment (1998)
 - Site Recommendation (2001)
 - License Application (2003)
- Ensuring DOE SNF is acceptable for repository receipt
- Simplifying and minimizing characterization requirements for geological disposition of DOE SNF
- Ensuring characterization information meets requirements
- Assisting DOE SNF sites with repository-ready interim storage issues
- Codisposing highly enriched uranium SNF with high-level waste as a base case
- Supporting activities related to the shipment technologies for DOE SNF
- Providing a preliminary design for a standardized DOE SNF canister to package fuel during transport and storage
- Establishing a licensing basis considering bounding analyses and performance-based criteria.

2.2.4 Objective 4—Provide Management, Integration, and Communication

The NSNFP will provide the policies, strategies, and programs for management of DOE SNF. It will coordinate DOE SNF program activities to establish the safest, most cost-effective path for interim storage and treatment while awaiting transportation to a geological repository.

The NSNFP will provide for the management direction and integration of NSNFP activities. The NSNFP will provide the planning, measurements, controls, and reporting needed to ensure its objectives are accomplished. NSNFP QA will maintain OCRWM acceptance of the NSNFP QA Program and will qualify and maintain acceptance of the DOE SNF site QA programs.

The NSNFP will establish mechanisms to facilitate communication with DOE-EM, OCRWM, DOE SNF sites, and the stakeholders. Teleconferences, strategy meetings, web pages integrated schedules, the DOE SNF database, and other mechanisms will be used to prompt effective communication to address DOE SNF acceptance issues.

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3. MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Operating from the DOE-Idaho Operations Office (DOE-ID), the NSNFP organization supports the SNF Program mission through the Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Office of Integration and Disposition (EM-20) within the Office of Environmental Management (EM-1). Figure 1 illustrates the NSNFP management hierarchy and organization.

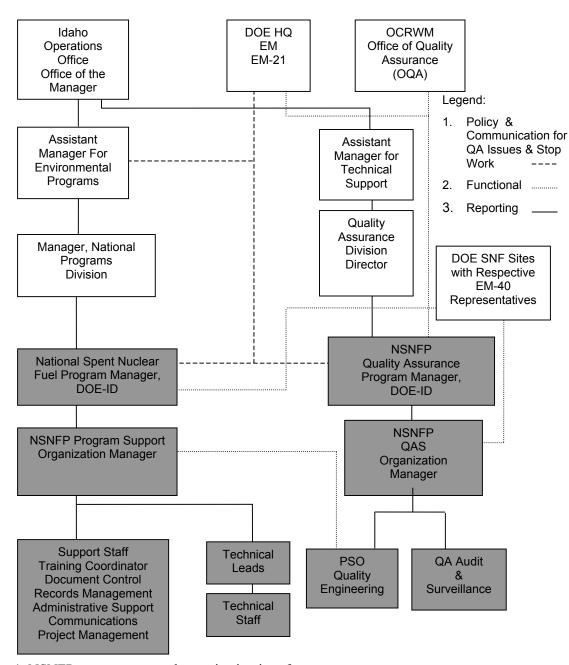


Figure 1. NSNFP management and organization interface.

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3.1 National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program Manager, DOE-ID

The NSNFP Manager resides at DOE-ID and interfaces with the Manager of DOE-ID and the EM-21 representative to establish overall policy and direction for the NSNFP. The NSNFP Manager establishes the responsibilities and authorities of the NSNFP organizations and management, and assigns NSNFP technical work tasks to the Program Support Organization through approved detailed work plans. Through DOE-ID, the NSNFP Manager requests funding to support program plans. The INEEL was designated the lead support laboratory reporting to the Office of Nuclear Material and Spent Fuel. This position is further defined as part of the Consent Order between the State of Idaho, DOE, and the U.S. Navy. The NSNFP integrates and coordinates activities with the DOE SNF sites and with other DOE Operations Offices, and OCRWM. The NSNFP also performs a significant research and technology development role to provide solutions for DOE SNF management. Other responsibilities of the DOE-ID Manager of the NSNFP include:

- 1. Directs the preparation of controlled documents describing the internal and external organizational interfaces, organizational structures, requirements, and responsibilities for acceptance by the OCRWM Office of Quality Assurance (OQA)
- 2. Approves the NSNFP Quality Assurance Program Plan (QAPP) and the Program Management Plan including:
 - The management and structure of the NSNFP organization
 - The NSNFP QA Program Policy directing mandatory compliance with the NSNFP QA Program
- 3. Establishes and maintains an organizational structure to implement the NSNFP QA Program described by the QAPP
- 4. Ensures a QA organization for program assessments is established and maintained and is sufficiently independent from cost and schedule
- 5. Limits NSNFP assignments made to the DOE NSNFP QA Program Manager (QAPM) and ensures that the QAPM has no other assigned responsibilities that would prevent full attention to NSNFP QA matters
- 6. Establishes methods to escalate differences of opinion involving the NSNFP QA Program through the management chain to obtain resolution
- 7. Participates in the development and approval of memorandums of agreement between the NSNFP and DOE SNF sites
- 8. Participates in the development and approval of memorandums of agreement between the DOE EM Program and OCRWM
- 9. Approves NSNFP procedures.

3.2 NSNFP Quality Assurance Program Manager

The DOE-ID NSNFP QA Manager manages the NSNFP QA Program. The program was established to ensure OCRWM quality requirements are consistently implemented for DOE SNF site

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activities that will be relied on to demonstrate DOE SNF compliance with repository acceptance. The NSNFP QA Manager assigns NSNFP technical work tasks to the Quality Assurance Staff (QAS) organization through approved detailed work plans. The NSNFP QA Program Manager functions include:

- 1. Participates in the development and approval of the NSNFP QAPP
- 2. Freely communicates with senior management positions within the NSNFP, DOE-ID, and the EM-21 Representative
- 3. Interfaces with OCRWM OQA
- 4. Interprets and approves QA program requirements
- 5. Provides Quality Engineering resources to the NSNFP Program Support Organization
- 6. Provides QA program reviews and acceptance of DOE SNF sites
- 7. Provides QA program assessments
- 8. Establishes internal controls and external interfaces for QA program oversight
- 9. Assigns tasks to the NSNFP QAS and monitors the NSNFP QAS for performance to baseline documents
- 10. Maintains a process to evaluate significant conditions adverse to quality and administer stop work actions if required
- 11. Participates in the development and approval of memorandums of agreement between the NSNFP and DOE SNF sites
- 12. Participates in the development and approval of memorandums of agreement between the DOE EM Program and the DOE OCRWM
- 13. Approves NSNFP procedures.

See Section 6 of this plan for further details. A QA staff supports the NSNFP QAPM.

3.3 NSNFP Program Support Organization (Manager and Staff)

The NSNFP Program Support Organization works under the direction of the NSNFP DOE-ID Manager. The organization supports the NSNFP mission by directing the research and technology development activities, and coordinating and integrating crosscutting functions with the DOE SNF sites, OCRWM, and other DOE organizations as requested by the NSNFP DOE-ID Manager. The functions of the NSNFP Program Support Organization are as follows:

- 1. Prepares program management documentation and detailed work plans, plans and schedules integrated DOE SNF activities, tracks program commitments, supports the program's systems engineering approach, provides general technical support, and participates in technical working group activities
- 2. Prepares life-cycle planning documentation and funding request documents consistent with site schedules and repository planning documents

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3. Supports the development and recommendation of implementation strategies for NEPA, NRC, and other regulatory requirements; assists with the technical preparation and review of NEPA documents; and assists with the complexwide programmatic review of NEPA documents

- 4. Addresses complexwide SNF vulnerabilities and safety issues by researching, assisting in preparing, reviewing, and recommending approval/concurrence with such studies and documents
- 5. Implements and maintains a complexwide SNF base that contains information on the quantity, condition, type, location, origin, and enrichment of all SNF within the DOE inventory
- 6. Directs the research, development, and testing of treatment, shipment, and disposal technologies for all DOE SNF
- 7. Prepares technology integration plans, supports waste analysis activities, assists with performance assessments and acceptance criteria, and develops stabilization technologies
- 8. Recommends safe, cost-effective, and technologically appropriate interim storage approaches and budgetary strategies; supports assessments on existing storage facilities; and integrates detailed transportation plans on how DOE SNF is to be moved and the routes to be used
- 9. Provides technical assistance to meet and resolve NSNFP issues related to the QA requirements
- 10. Establishes and maintains quality record documents and quality training records.

3.4 Office of Integration and Disposition (EM-20)

EM-20 conducts and provides multi-site services that facilitate the timely, coordinated, safe, and cost-effective disposition of nuclear materials and waste, and the deactivation and decommissioning of excess contaminated facilities. Because interdependencies exist between DOE sites and between EM and other DOE programs, EM-20 conducts technical integration activities to develop integrated policy, planning, and technical and analytical guidance and assistance for the EM program. These activities include disposition strategies for nuclear materials and waste as well as provide services that promote, enable, and expedite disposition and closure. EM-20 identifies disposition pathways for excess nuclear materials, SNF, legacy and remediation wastes; analyses options with stakeholder input, and facilitates decision-making between offices and programs. EM-20 also implements multi-site services such as support for pollution prevention/waste management analyses, deactivation and decommissioning efforts, lessons learned and technology transfer activities, transportation, transuranic waste disposal at the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, and the FRR SNF acceptance program.

3.5 Office of Nuclear Material and Spent Fuel (EM-21)

EM-21 directly reports to EM-20. The EM-21 office integrates DOE activities relating to nuclear materials stewardship in order to achieve safe, stable states for interim and long-term storage pending disposition. The EM-21 office also provides guidance and assistance to other EM organizations with site operations responsibilities for safe and efficient management of the current and future inventory of DOE SNF and preparation of the SNF for disposal. The EM-21 office performs the following functions specifically related to the NSNFP:

 Develops and helps to implement policies, strategies, and programs for management of DOE SNF for interim storage, treatment, and eventual transportation to a geologic repository DOE/SNF/PP-033
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Coordinates DOE SNF program activities with other DOE elements; including Operations
Offices; Defense Programs; Environment, Safety, and Health; Materials Disposition; Nuclear
Energy, Science, and Technology; and Arms Control and Nonproliferation

- Coordinates with the OCRWM, as necessary, on behalf of the NSNFP, DOE-HQ Program
 Offices, and Operations Offices on issues and activities related to the acceptance of DOE SNF for
 repository disposal
- Provides liaison with national regulatory agencies and review bodies such as the NRC, National Academy of Sciences, and Nuclear Waste Technical Review Board on issues directly related to DOE SNF
- Provides technical assistance to senior management in dealing with day-to-day issues on SNF, in particular, responding to action items and inquiries from throughout DOE, Congress, and national organizations.

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4. NSNFP INTERFACES

NSNFP interfaces with a number of key participants to perform the DOE SNF mission. Each participant provides an important function in the success of the NSNFP mission and the ultimate disposition of DOE SNF. Figure 2 illustrates the primary NSNFP interfaces.

The primary interface for the disposition of DOE SNF occurs through the *Memorandum of Agreement for Acceptance of Department of Energy Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste.* This document defines this interface along with the responsibilities of EM and OCRWM with regard to SNF. The MOA establishes the terms and conditions under which OCRWM will make available disposal services to EM for all DOE SNF and high-level waste. The MOA was established between two main offices of DOE, the Office of Environmental Management (EM-1) and the Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management (RW-1).

Dep art me nt of E ne rgy (DOE) Offic e of Civili an Office of Environmental om preh ensi v Radi oacti ve Wast e Ma nag e me ni Vla nag e me nt (RW-1) (EM-1) DOE-SR Office of Project Completion (EM-40) DOF-R I Offic e of Offic e of ty Ass ura Office of Integration and Rep osito ry DOF-OR lda ho Offic e Devel op me nt (RW-3) Dispo sitio n (EM-41) (EM-20) DOE-LD Savan na h Riv er Of fice CRWM (FM-42) Office of Nuclear M&O aterial & Spent Fuel Richla nd Offi ce (EM-21) (EM-43) Appendix F, QA MOA NSNFP QA Natio nal S pe nt N ucle a Fu el Program (DOE -ID) Program (DOE -ID) Line Inte rface NSNFP P rogram NSNFP QAS Supp ort Program Interface Or gani zati on (M& O)

National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program Interfaces

Figure 2. NSNFP interfaces.

4.1 NSNFP and Supporting Organizations

4.1.1 NSNFP

The DOE-ID NSNFP Manager interfaces with several organizations to effectively achieve its mission. The NSNFP defines its responsibilities and authorities through a technical interface with Office of Nuclear Material and Spent Fuel (EM-21) and direct line management interface with DOE-ID. NSNFP also plans and negotiates budget allocation through DOE-ID. The NSNFP provides functional direction to the NSNFP Program Support Organization through formal detailed work planning, and it provides guidance to all DOE SNF sites for technical matters related to repository acceptance.

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In addition, the NSNFP interfaces with the Office of Repository Development regarding matters related to the terms and conditions listed in the MOA mentioned above and all matters related to DOE SNF inclusion in the repository. The NSNFP QAPP defines the interfaces of the DOE-ID NSNFP Manager for quality-related matters.

4.1.2 NSNFP Program Support Office

The NSNFP Program Support Office supports the DOE-ID NSNFP Manager by implementing work scope defined through the Detailed Work Plan. The Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) of the Detailed Work Plan is described in Section 5 of this document. The NSNFP Program Support Office performs support tasks that contribute to the objectives of the NSNFP and interfaces directly with the DOE-ID NSNFP Manager through DOE-ID. The NSNFP Program Support Office interfaces with the Office of Repository Development, the Civilian Radioactive Waste Management Management and Operations (M&O), and OCRWM on technical matters related to the acceptance of DOE SNF as agreed to with the DOE-ID NSNFP Manager.

The NSNFP Program Support Office also interfaces with the DOE SNF sites on technical matters regarding SNF characterization, packaging, storage, and shipment. Issues are addressed through semiannual meetings, weekly conference calls, and topical meetings and calls. Interfaces related to quality matters are defined in detail in the NSNFP OAPP.

4.1.3 NSNFP Quality Assurance Program

The OCRWM Director of Quality Assurance (RW-3) delegates authority to the NSNFP QAPM to execute the QA function as described in Section 1.2.2 of the *Quality Assurance Requirements and Description* (QARD), DOE/RW-0333P⁷ via a QA MOA. The manager of the NSNFP QA Program reports to the Manager, NSNFP and coordinates with the EM-21 Spent Fuel Team Lead on matters relating DOE SNF site QA programs. Refer to Section 6 for additional details.

The NSNFP QAPM communicates with senior management positions within the NSNFP, DOE-ID, and the EM-21 Representative. The NSNFP QAPM interfaces with OCRWM Office of Quality Assurance and interprets and approves QA program requirements. The NSNFP QA Program establishes interfaces with the DOE sites through MOAs to provide QA program reviews and acceptance of DOE SNF sites. In addition, the NSNFP QA Program interfaces with the NSNFP through program assessment and program oversight. Detailed interfaces related to QA are defined in the NSNFP QAPP.

4.1.4 NSNFP Quality Assurance Staff

The NSNFP QAS supports the DOE-ID NSNFP QA Manager by implementing work scope defined through the Detailed Work Plan. The WBS of the Detailed Work Plan is described in Section 5 of this document. The NSNFP QAS interfaces directly with the DOE-ID NSNFP QA Manager and performs support tasks that ensure the NSNFP QA objectives are maintained. The QAS interfaces with OCRWM QA on matters related to the acceptance and implementation of NSNFP and DOE SNF QA Programs, as agreed to with the DOE-ID NSNFP QA Manager.

The NSNFP QAS also interfaces with the DOE SNF sites related to the implementation and maintenance of the respective QA programs. The NSNFP QAS addresses issues using quarterly reports, semiannual meetings, weekly conference calls, and QA working group meetings and calls. Interfaces related to quality matters are defined in detail in the NSNFP QAPP.

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4.2 Office of Environmental Management

The Assistant Secretary for EM assigned the responsibilities for the NSNFP to the Office of Nuclear Material and Spent Fuel (EM-21) which reports directly to the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Integration and Disposition (EM-20).

The Assistant Secretary for EM also has the authority over the site field offices responsible for final disposition of the SNF. The Office of Project Completion (EM-40) is responsible for funding the NSNFP. The NSNFP interfaces with EM-40 by providing budget request documentation. EM-40 allocates its funding authorization to DOE-ID based on the priority of the work defined in the budget request documents.

4.3 Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management

The Director of OCRWM assigns to the Deputy Director, Office of Repository Development, the responsibility of determining if Yucca Mountain, Nevada, is a suitable site for an SNF and high-level radioactive waste repository.

4.3.1 Office of Repository Development

The manager of the Office of Repository Development is delegated the responsibility of licensing, design, and construction of the federal geological SNF and high-level radioactive waste repository. The Deputy Director, Office of Repository Development, directly interfaces with the Manager, NSNFP DOE-ID with regard to the terms and conditions listed in the EM/RW MOA.

4.3.2 Office of Quality Assurance (RW-3)

The Director of the Office of Quality Assurance (RW-3) oversees the implementation of the QARD, DOE/RW-0333P by the National SNF QA Program.

4.4 DOE SNF Field Offices

Four DOE field offices and their contractors interface with the NSNFP on matters of coordination and integration of DOE SNF activities. The field offices/sites include the Savannah River Site, the Hanford Site, the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, and the INEEL. Site contractors implement the actions that result from the coordination activities. Interfaces with the NSNFP specifically address:

- Coordinating and establishing DOE sites' SNF disposal effort using an integrated shipping schedule
- Identifying and addressing national DOE SNF issues such as characterization and packaging of SNF
- Establishing successful SNF disposal strategies.

The DOE SNF operating programs interface with the NSNFP QA Program via individual MOAs. The MOAs document the coordination of the NSNFP including the NSNFP QA Program with each of the sites. The MOAs also address the flow-down of technical requirements to the DOE operating sites and the implementation of those technical requirements.

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4.5 External Interfaces

In addition to the external interfaces already discussed above, the NSNFP interfaces with numerous organizations external to the DOE SNF Program to ensure successful completion of the NSNFP mission and to establish opportunities to apply SNF solutions to address other waste issues.

4.5.1 Other Federal Agencies

The NSNFP interfaces with the NRC on matters related to the licensing and certification of the DOE SNF transportation cask system and the standardized DOE SNF canister. Early interfaces with the NRC help the NSNFP to fully understand licensing requirements and fully address those requirements. In addition, the NSNFP supports OCRWM as it interfaces with the NRC for repository licensing and certification. This support to OCRWM provides the means to ensure DOE SNF is fully incorporated in the license application documents.

4.5.2 Industrial Standards Organizations

The NSNFP has people participating on committees for both the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and the American Society for Testing and Materials. Through these committee members, the NSNFP is applying SNF expertise to address national issues while working to ensure these standards address the material science and canister needs of the program.

4.5.3 Other DOE National and Waste Programs

The NSNFP has established interfaces with other waste and national programs to find integrated solutions to the common needs of these programs. The EM SNF programs have many overlapping issues with its high-level waste program activities. Interfaces are being established between these two programs to share solutions and find efficient ways to address their common issues.

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5. SUMMARY WORK SCOPE

5.1 Work Breakdown Structure

Figure 3 is the NSNFP Project WBS, a product-oriented hierarchy of the work and products.

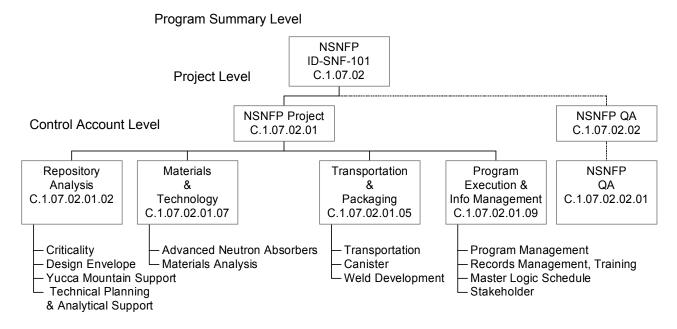


Figure 3. NSNFP work breakdown structure.

5.2 Work Breakdown Structure Dictionary

This section provides a brief description of each of the elements defined in the WBSs. A summary of the Fiscal Year 2003 Detailed Work Plan Budget, schedule, and milestones is provided in Appendix A of this document.

5.2.1 Project Baseline Summary Level

C.1.07.02—National SNF Program—The NSNFP defines and ensures resolution of all associated issues for the characterization, safe interim storage, and proper final disposition of all DOE SNF. With the DOE SNF sites, OCRWM, and its M&O contractor, the NSNFP plans, integrates, and executes the analysis and activities required to safely prepare DOE SNF for interim storage and its ultimate transfer for final disposal in the proposed monitored geologic repository. In addition, a quality program that is compliant with the QARD provides QA oversight of the NSNFP and DOE SNF sites.

5.2.2 Project Level

C.1.07.02.01—National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program—The NSNFP performs all NSNFP functions described at the Project Baseline Summary Level excluding the QA oversight functions.

C.1.07.02.02—NSNFP QA Program—Performs the QA oversight functions listed in the Project Baseline Summary Level definition.

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5.2.3 Control Account Level

C.1.07.02.01.02—Repository Analysis—Works with the DOE SNF sites, OCRWM, and its M&O contractor to provide the planning and integration needed to execute and conduct the necessary repository analyses and chemical reactivity evaluations of uranium metal SNF.

These activities are required to support the final disposal of DOE SNF in the proposed monitored geologic repository.

- **C.1.07.02.01.07—Materials and Technology**—Provides the engineering and technical development in support of the NSNFP goals. This element includes materials analysis, drying standards, advanced neutron absorbers, and SNF release rate studies.
- **C.1.07.02.01.05—Transportation and Packaging**—The NSNFP in accordance with the MOA between EM and RW provides a standardized canister conceptual design for the packaging, interim storage, shipment, and disposal of SNF. This includes development of the loading requirements, standardization of internal components, closure methods and requirements, and inspection methods and requirements. Testing is performed to ensure validation of codes and compliance with established requirements. Developments affecting the design, loading, and handling aspects are communicated to user organizations. This effort will also coordinate EM transportation requirements with RW transportation procurement activities.
- **C.1.07.02.01.PM—Program Execution and Information Management**—Provides the management direction and integration of the NSNFP. It ensures that the NSNFP mission is documented in an orderly and structured fashion, that current program-controlling documents and information are available for use by program personnel, and ensures that program activities are guided by implementing procedures. It provides QA staff support for the quality-affecting activities performed by the NSNFP and ensures that those activities are performed in accordance with the NSNFP QA Manual. It also provides NSNFP with a Master Logic Schedule describing the interfaces and key milestones among NSNFP, the DOE sites, and OCRWM. The Program Execution ensures that the NSNFP provides effective liaison with stakeholders.
- **C.1.07.02.02.01—NSNFP QA**—Provides for trained and qualified QA staff to support the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) NSNFP QAPM. It provides support to develop and maintain the National SNF QA Program and provide QA oversight of the DOE NSNFP organization and the DOE SNF sites. It also provides the QAS to support the quality-affecting activities performed by the NSNFP technical staff and ensures that those activities are performed in accordance with the NSNFP QA Manual and the OCRWM QARD (see Reference 7).

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6. QUALITY ASSURANCE

The NSNFP QAPP describes the NSNFP QA policy, the NSNFP organization structure, the internal and external QA interfaces, the general QA program principles applicable to the scope for the NSNFP mission, and the roles and responsibilities of the NSNFP with respect to QA. The NSNFP adopts QARD principles for engineering and design-related activities intended to guide the development of a path forward for successful disposition of DOE SNF. Work performed by the NSNFP that will be relied on to develop design requirements and to demonstrate DOE SNF compliance with repository acceptance requirements is subject to the QARD. In accordance with QARD 1.3.3, the NSNFP implements QA requirements by complying with NSNFP implementing procedures.

6.1 Policy Statement

The NSNFP policy is to institute, implement, and maintain an effective QA program in all aspects of its work that may affect the safety and protection of workers, the public, or the environment. The NSNFP QA Program has been developed with these objectives in mind as defined in the QAPP.

6.2 DOE NSNFP Quality Assurance Program Management

Through Appendix F of the Comprehensive Memorandum of Agreement between EM and RW (see Reference 2), the NSNFP QAPM has responsibility for coordinating the development, implementation, and maintenance of the NSNFP QA Program and verifying qualification of the QA Programs of the DOE SNF sites.

The NSNFP QAPM interfaces with the OCRWM OQA to obtain clarification and interpretation of OCRWM QA requirements, resolve QA program issues relative to OCRWM requirements, and provides final interpretation of OCRWM QA requirements within the NSNFP and for the DOE SNF sites.

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7. REFERENCES

- 1. DOE (U.S. Department of Energy), *DOE-Owned Spent Nuclear Fuel Strategic Plan*, Revision 1, Office of Environmental Management, Washington, D.C., September 1996.
- 2. DOE, Memorandum of Agreement for Acceptance of Department of Energy Spent Nuclear Fuel and High-Level Radioactive Waste, Revision 1, between the Assistant Secretary for DOE-EM, Washington, D.C., and the Director of DOE-RW, Washington, D.C., January 1999.
- 3. DOE, Action Memorandum to Approve Transfer of Responsibility of the Design, NRC Certification, and Fabrication of the Transportation Cask System, July 2002.
- 4. DOE, Department of Energy's Record of Decisions for Programmatic Spent Nuclear Fuel and Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Environmental Restoration and Waste Management Programs, as amended, March 1996.
- 5. DOE, Consent Order (PSC 1995) for spent nuclear fuel among the State of Idaho, the U.S. Navy, and the U.S. Department of Energy, October 1995.
- 6. DOE, Life Cycle Asset Management, DOE O 430.1A, October 14, 1998.
- 7. DOE, *Quality Assurance Requirements and Description*, Revision 10, Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management DOE/RW-0333P, April 28, 2000.

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Appendix A FY 2003 Detailed Work Plan Summary

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Appendix A

FY 2003 Detailed Work Plan Summary

The following pages provide a summary of the National Spent Nuclear Fuel Program Detailed Work Plan for Fiscal Year 2003. Included are the Project Plan Budget Reports, summary schedules, and milestones. The Detailed Work Plan is a living document with changes documented through a formal change control process. One major change of the Detailed Work Plan occurs annually and is approved in September for the following fiscal year.

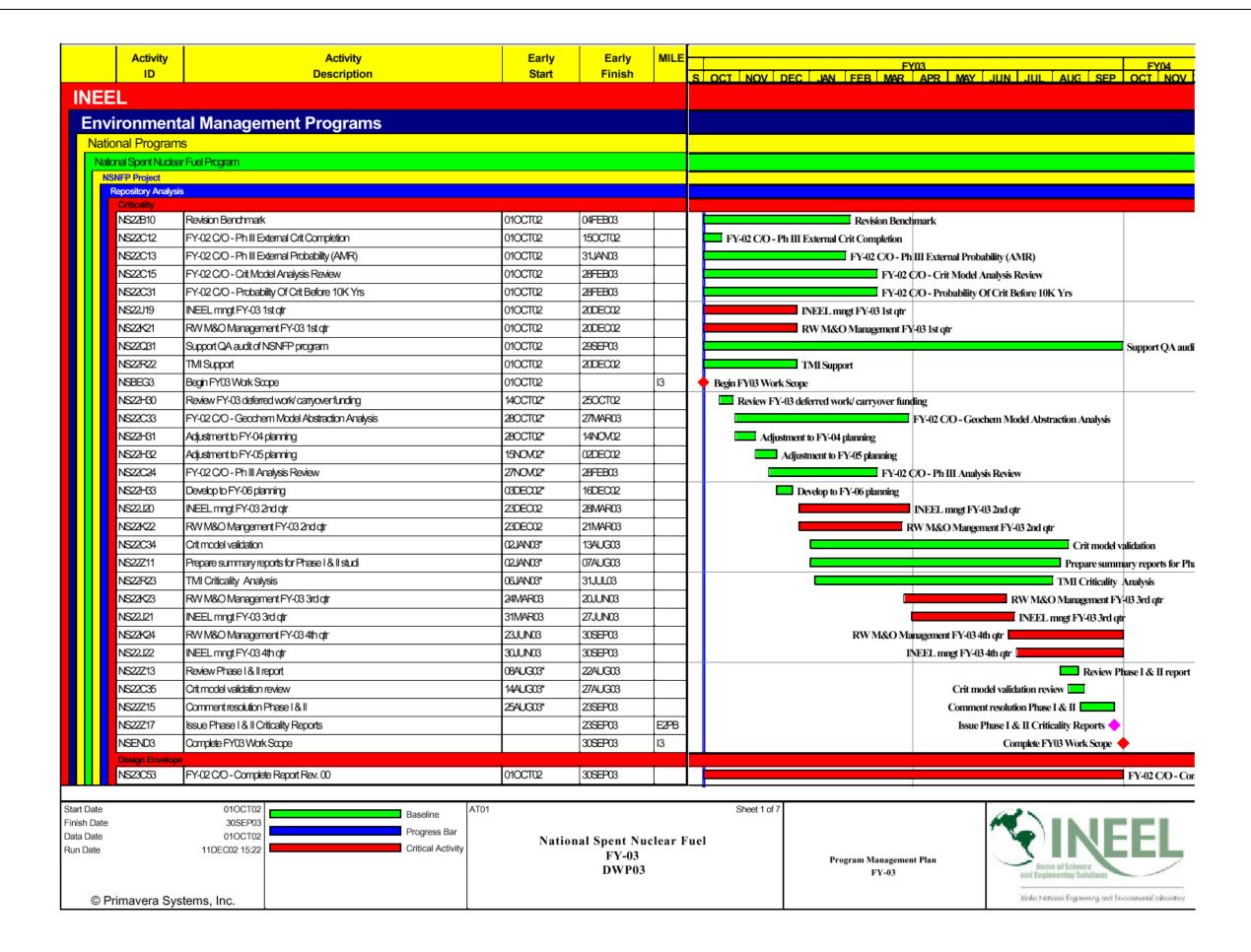
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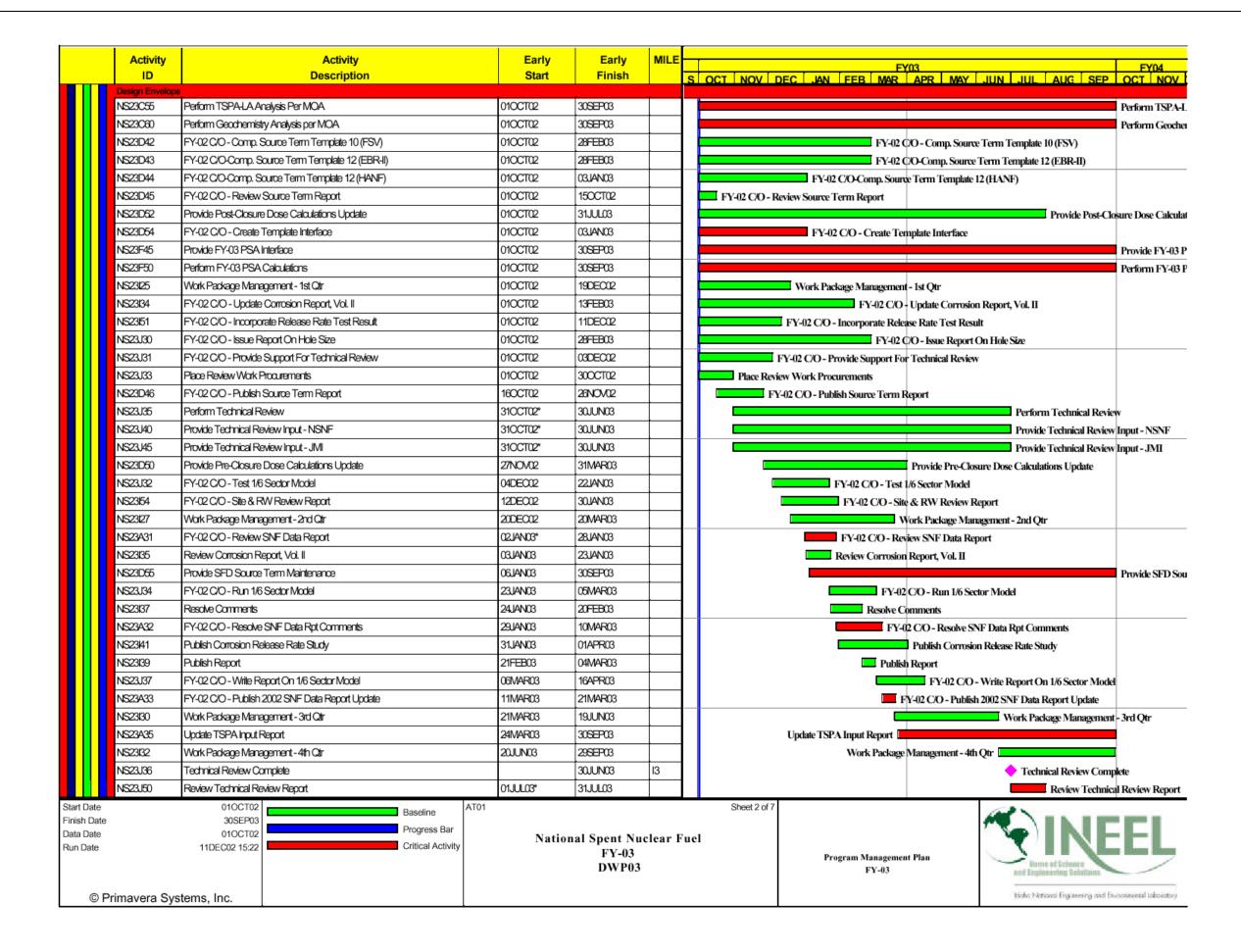
Program:C10702

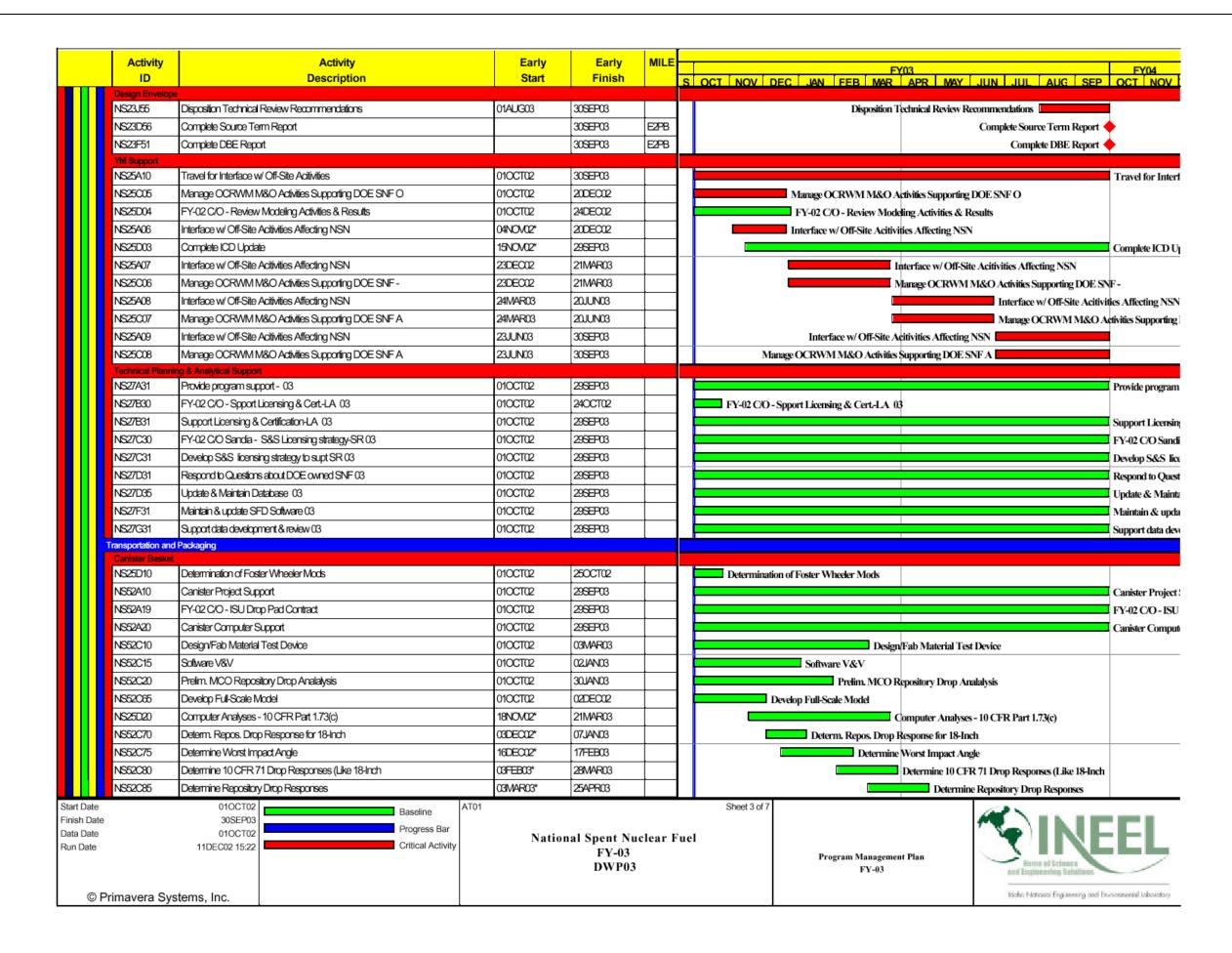
Program:		Description:		Approval:														
C10702		NATIONAL SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL PROGRAM				Program M	anager											
Run Date:		Status Date:				Functional	Manager											
12/11/20	002	11/17/200)2			Cost Accou	int Managei											
WBS[4]	WBS[5]	WBS[6]		OCT 2002	NOV 2002	DEC 2002	JAN 2003	FEB 2003	MAR 2003	APR 2003	MAY 2003 .	JUN 2003	JUL 2003	AUG 2003	SEP 2003	SEP 2004 S	EP 2005 (Cumulative
C.1.07.02	National Spent	Nuclear Fuel Program																
	C.1.07.02	01 NSNFP Project																
		C.1.07.02.01.02 Repository Analysis	BCWS	330,469	280,253	443,964	373,709	389,735	339,867	300,376	357,585	271,737	267,654	338,068	313,906	0	0 4	4,007,323
		C.1.07.02.01.05 Transportation and Packaging	BCWS	117,108	89,220	146,617	111,135	91,490	77,094	82,465	116,641	99,613	77,550	124,202	99.065	0	0 1	1,232,199
		C.1.07.02.01.07 Materials and Technology	BCWS	92,792	73,257	112,327	89,330	93,603	87,001	86,973	108,817	82,701	82,701	108,817	108,919	0	0 '	1,127,237
		C.1.07.02.01.09 NSNFP Execution & Information Management	BCWS	63,077	49,797	76,621	62,999	54,985	55,194	59.975	88.427	72,501	61,935	81.015	62.003	0	0	788.530
	WBS[5] To	otals:	BCWS	603,446	492,527	779,528	637,173	629,813	559,156	529,789	671,470	526,551	489.840	652,103	583.894	0	0 .	7,155,290
		02 National SNF QA							,			,		,	,			,,
		C.1.07.02.02.01 NSNFP QA Program	BCWS	60.398	54,100	76,428	41,909	48,285	50,772	67,384	80,483	77.819	69,926	96.969	74.798	0	0	799,272
	WBS[5] To		BCWS	60,398	54,100	76,428	41,909			67,384	80,483	77,819	69.926		74,798	0	0	799,272
		03 Technology Development		,	. ,	-,	,	-,		. ,			,-	,	,			,
		C.1.07.02.03.02 Weld Development	BCWS	2.147	1.695	2.599	2.147	565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9.154
	WBS[5] To		BCWS	2,147	1.695	2.599	2.147	565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9,154
WBS[4] To			BCWS	665,991	548.322	858.556	681,229	678,662	609,928	597.173	751.954	604.370	559.766	749.072	658.692	0	0	7,963,715
Grand Tota				230100					2231020			22.710.0	22311.00					
5.5.75			BCWS	665,991	548.322	858.556	681,229	678,662	609,928	597,173	751,954	604,370	559.766	749,072	658,692	0	0	7,963,715

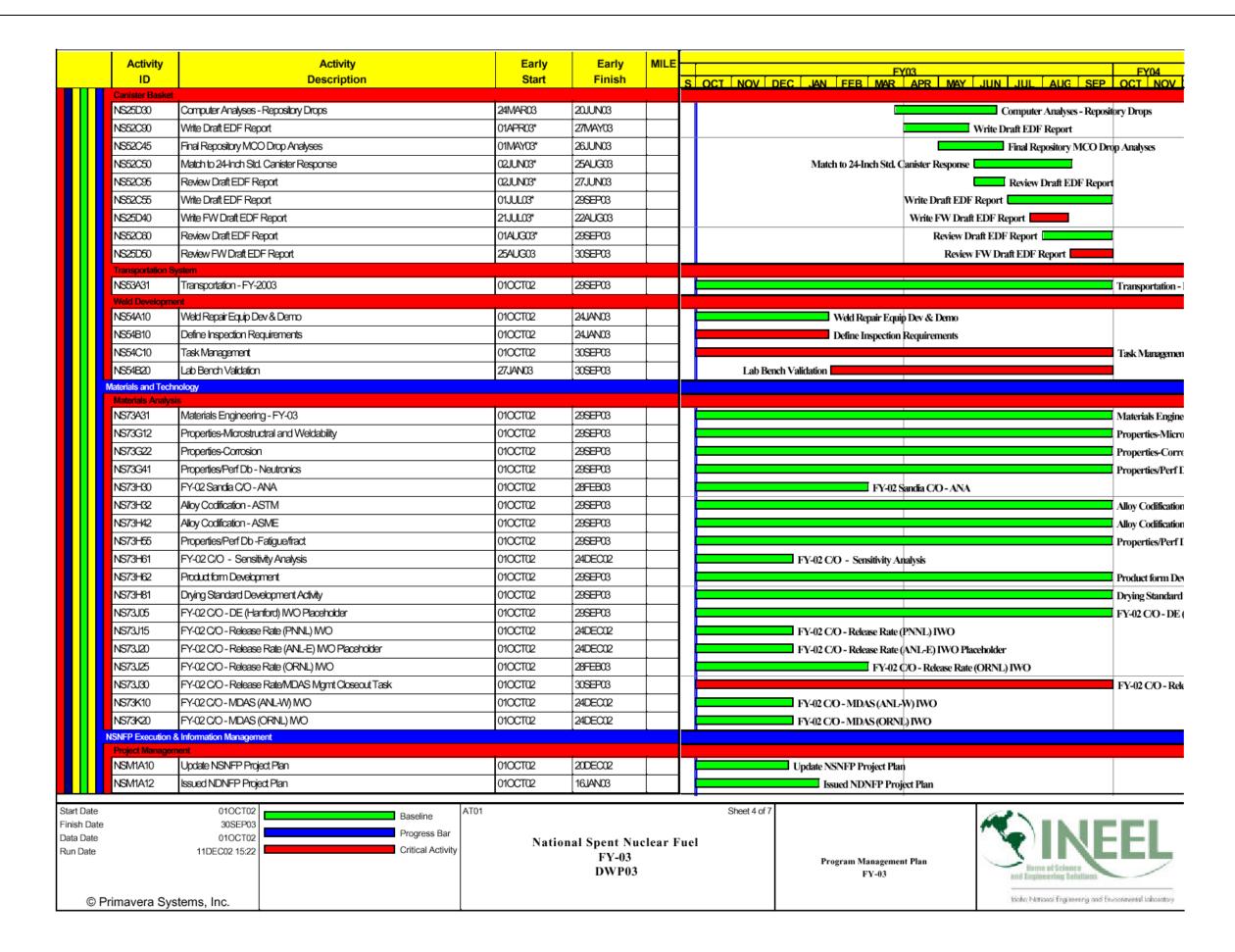
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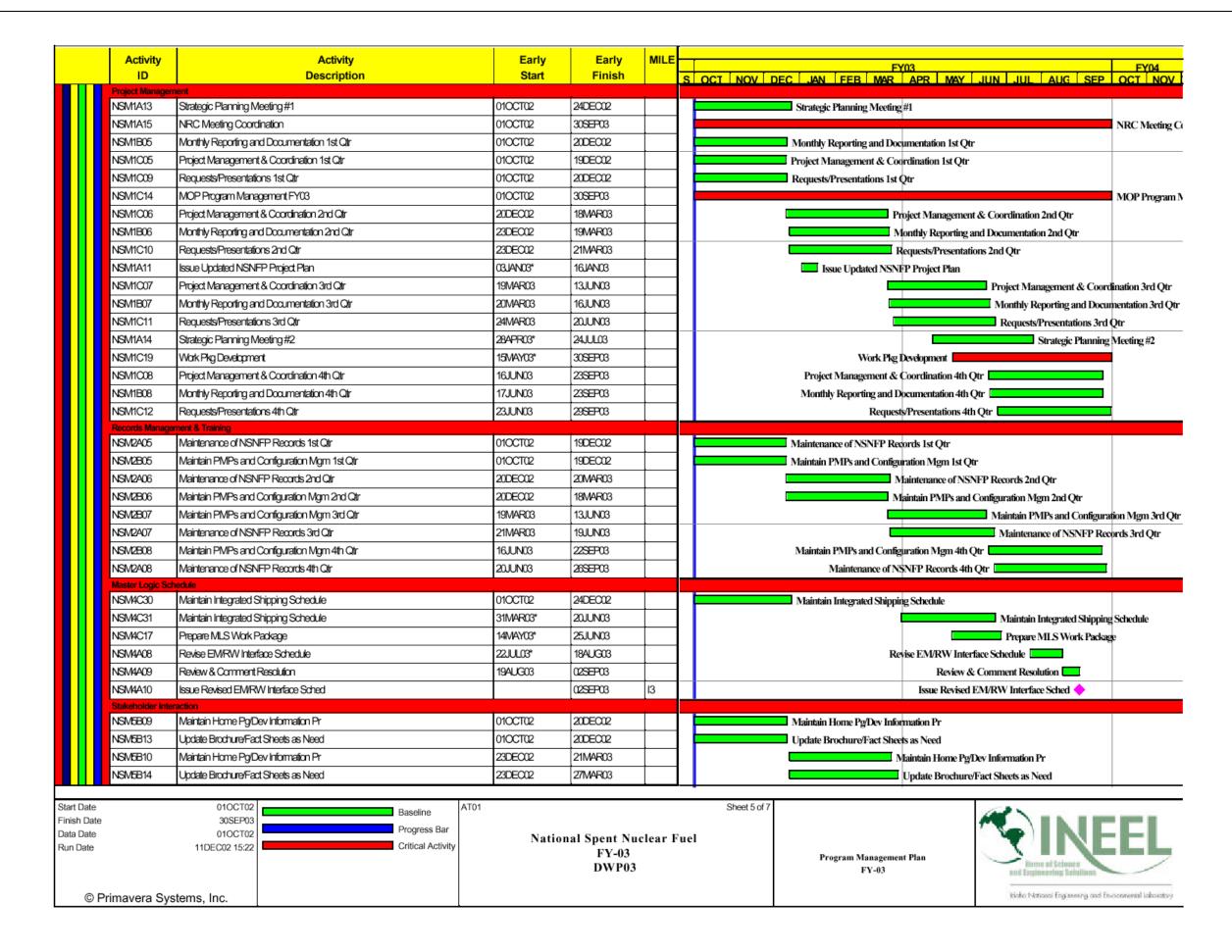
Program:	Description:		Approval:													
C10702	NATIONAL SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL PROGR	RAM		Program Ma	nager					J						
Run Date:	Status Date:		1	Functional N	/lanager											
12/11/2002	11/17/2002		(Cost Accour	nt Manager				_							
WDC(4) WDC(5)	WBS[6] BE[2]		OCT 2002	NOV 2002 1	DEC 2002	IANI 2002 I	ED 2002 1	MAD 2002	ADD 2002	44V 2002	II IN 2002	11 11 2002	ALIC 2002	SED 2002	SED 2004 SED	200E Cumulath
WBS[4] WBS[5] C.1.07.02 National Spent			UCT 2002 I	NOV 2002 I	JEU 2002 .	MIN 2003 1	ED 2003	VIAIN 2003 /	MMR 2003 1	VIAT ZUUS (JUN ZUU3	JUL 2003	MUG 2003	SEP 2003	SEP 2004 SEP	zoos cumulativ
	2.01 NSNFP Project															
C.1.07.02	C.1.07.02.01.02 Repository Analysis															
	L Labor	BCWS	198.286	163,020	257,410	193,896	214.852	188,732	175,929	209,027	158,842	163,652	221,209	203.067	0	0 2.347.92
	M Material Purchases	BCWS	99,319	91,414	156,628	161,759	154,734	125,974	101,830	122,169	92,844	87.096	94,794	87.447	0	0 1,376,009
	N Other Non-Labor	BCWS	3,893	4,100	4,395	2,747	4,036	9,055	6,615	6,386	4,854	4,832	8,011	9,268	0	0 68,19
	S Sub Contracts	BCWS	23,997	17,793	19,514	10,507	11,060	11,060	11,060	13,825	10,507	7,495	8,032	8,032	0	0 152,88
	T Travel	BCWS	4.973	3,926	6.017	4,799	5.052	5,047	4,942	6,178	4,690	4,580	6,032	6.093	0	0 62,32
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	330,469	280,253	443,964	373,709	389,735	339,867	300,376	357,585	271,737	267,654	338,068	313,906	0	0 4,007,32
	C.1.07.02.01.05 Transportation and Packagin		330,409	200,200	743,504	313,108	303,133	333,007	300,376	331,303	211,131	201,034	330,000	313,500	U	0 4,007,32
	L Labor	BCWS	99.357	75,206	128.544	98,019	80.786	68,310	74,503	106,690	92,049	69.986	114,251	89.044	0	0 1,096,74
	M Material Purchases	BCWS	8,261	6,522	6,584	3,625	3,556	1,636	813	1,017	773	773	1,017	1.057	0	0 35,63
	N Other Non-Labor	BCWS	2,700	2,132	3.268	2,700	0,550	0.00	0	0	0	0	0,017	0	0	0 10,80
	S Sub Contracts	BCWS	4,139	3,268	5,200	4,139	4,357	4,357	4,357	5,446	4.139	4.139	5.446	5.446	0	0 54,24
	T Travel	BCWS	2,651	2,093	3,210	2,651	2,791	2,791	2,791	3,489	2,651	2,651	3,449	3,517	0	0 34,77
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	117,108	89,220	146,617	111,135	91,490	77,094	82,465	116,641	99,613	77,550	124,202	99.065	0	0 1,232,19
	C.1.07.02.01.07 Materials and Technology	DOWS	117,100	03,220	140,017	111,133	31,430	77,034	02,400	110,041	33,013	11,550	124,202	33,003	U	0 1,232,19
	L Labor	BCWS	43,192	34,099	52,285	40,816	42.670	42,670	44,843	56,154	42,677	42,677	56,154	56.257	0	0 554,49
	M Material Purchases	BCWS	37,576	29,665	45,487	36,491	38,277	31,675	29,474	36,842	28,000	28,000	36,842	36,842	0	0 415,17
	N Other Non-Labor	BCWS	948	748	1,147	948	998	998	998	1,247	948	948	1,247	1,247	0	0 12,42
	S Sub Contracts	BCWS	9,538	7,530	11,546	9,538	10.040	10,040	10,040	12,550	9,538	9,538	12,550	12,550	0	0 125,000
	T Travel	BCWS	1,538	1,214	1,861	1,538	1,618	1,618	1,618	2,023	1,538	1,538	2,023	2,023	0	0 20,14
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	92,792	73,257	112,327	89,330	93,603	87,001	86,973	108,817	82,701	82,701	108,817	108,919	0	0 1,127,23
	C.1.07.02.01.09 NSNFP Execution & Informa			13,231	112,021	03,330	33,003	07,001	00,313	100,017	02,701	02,701	100,017	100,515	U	0 1,127,23
	L Labor	BCWS	44,504	35,135	53,757	40,153	31,353	31,639	36.642	55,611	47,432	38.852	53,769	39.603	0	0 508,44
	M Material Purchases	BCWS	5,296	4,181	6,409	1,910	1,595	1,576	1,466	5,593	4,923	4,806	2,376	1,364	0	0 41,49
	N Other Non-Labor	BCWS	5,290	4,176	6,399	5,599	5,894	5,833	5,130	6,301	4,657	4,599	6,872	5.918	0	0 66,666
	S Sub Contracts	BCWS	2,719	2,147	3,684	10,161	10,696	10,722	10,867	13,584	10,098	9,465	12,454	10,461	0	0 107,05
	T Travel	BCWS	5.267	4,158	6,371	5,175	5,447	5,425	5.871	7,338	5,391	4,214	5,545	4.658	0	0 64,86
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	63,077	49,797	76,621	62,999	54,985	55,194	59,975	88,427	72,501	61.935	81,015	62,003	0	0 788,530
WBS[5] T		BCWS	603,446	492,527	779,528	637,173	629,813	559,156	529,789	671,470	526,551	489,840	652,103	583,894	0	0 7,155,29
	2.02 National SNF QA	DOWS	003,440	43Z,3ZI	113,520	031,113	025,013	555,150	323,103	371,470	320,331	+05,040	002,103	303,034	U	0 7,100,29
0.1.07.02	C.1.07.02.02.01 NSNFP QA Program															
	L Labor	BCWS	55,165	50,157	71,649	40,011	45,822	47,481	63,238	77,818	75,104	66,944	93.046	72,469	0	0 758,90
	M Material Purchases	BCWS	00,100	0, 157	71,049	40,011	45,622	47,461	03,230	0 0	75,104	00,944	93,040	12,409	0	0 756,90
	N Other Non-Labor	BCWS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (
	T Travel	BCWS	5.233	3,943	4,779	1,898	2,462	3,290	4,146	2,666	2,714	2,982	3.923	2,328	0	0 40,36
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	60,398	54,100	76,428	41,909	48,285	50,772	67,384	80,483	77,819	69,926	96,969	74,798	0	0 799,27
WBS[5] T		BCWS	60,398	54,100	76,428	41,909	48,285	50,772	67.384	80,483	77,819	69,926	96,969	74,798	0	0 799,27
	2.03 Technology Development	DOWS	00,350	34,100	10,420	41,503	40,200	50,112	07,304	00,403	77,013	03,320	30,303	14,130	U	0 133,21
0.1.07.02	C.1.07.02.03.02 Weld Development															
	S Sub Contracts	BCWS	2,147	1,695	2,599	2,147	565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 9,15
	WBS[6] Totals:	BCWS	2,147	1,695	2,599	2,147	565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 9,15
WBS[5] T		BCWS	2,147	1,695	2,599	2,147	565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 9,15
WBS[4] Totals:	otais.	BCWS	665,991	548,322	858,556	681,229	678,662	609.928	597,173	751,954	-	559,766	749.072	658.692	0	0 7,963,71
Grand Totals:		50413	000,001	UTU, UZZ	330,030	JU 1,223	010,00Z	JUJ,JE0	337,113	701,004	307,310	303,700	770,012	JJU,UJZ	Ü	0 7,303,71
Grand Totals.		BCWS	665.991	548.322	858.556	681.229	678,662	609,928	597 173	751 954	604,370	559.766	749.072	658.692	0	0 7.963.71

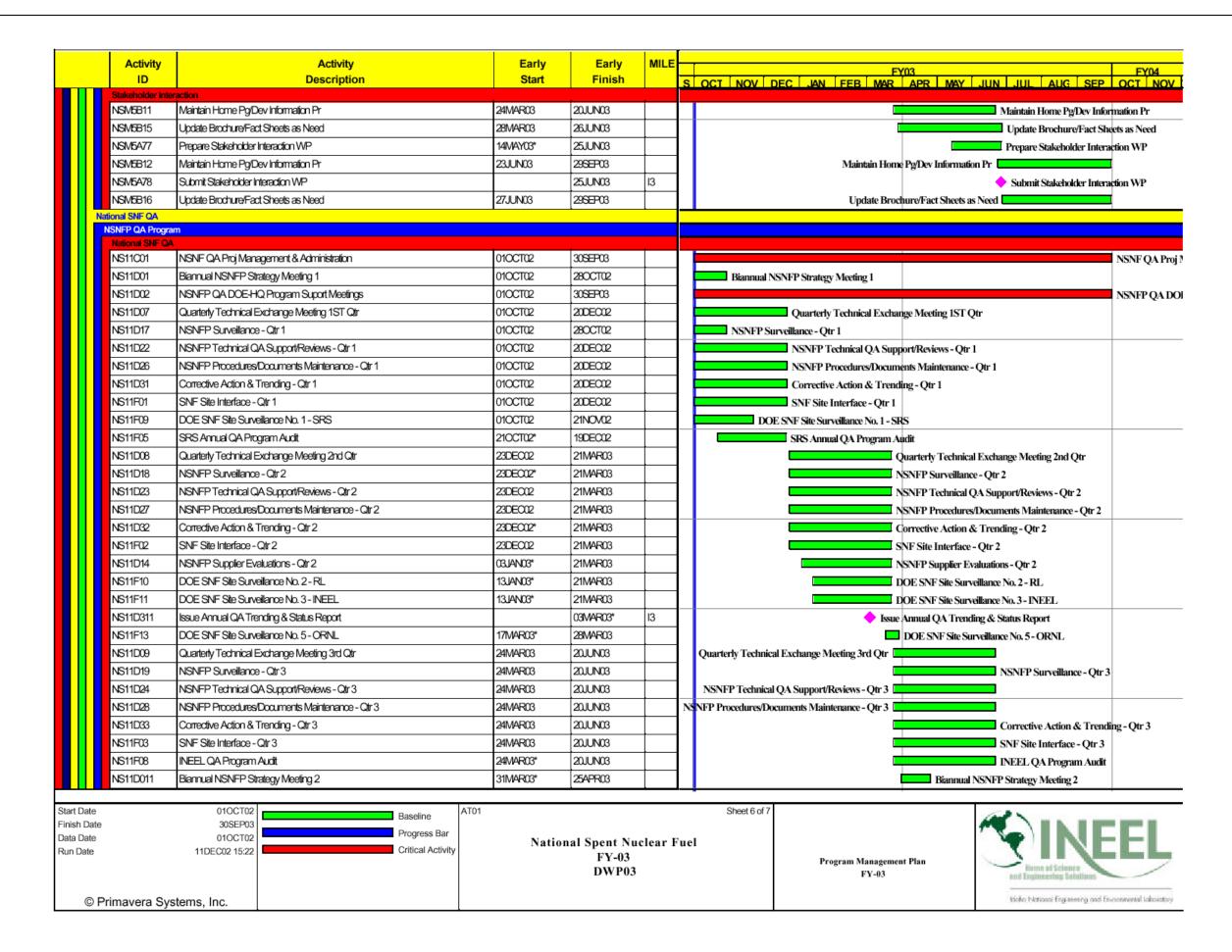












	Activity ID	Activity Description	Early Start	Early Finish	MILE		FY03 FY04 OCT NOV DEC JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV
	National SNF QA	,			,		
	NS11F12	DOE SNF Site Surveillance No. 4 - SRS	07APR03*	20JUN03			DOE SNF Site Surveillance No. 4 - SRS
	NS11F06	RL Annual QA Program Audit	02JUN03*	29AUG03		1	RL Annual QA Program Audit
	NS11D10	Quarterly Technical Exchange Meeting 4th Qtr	23JUN03	29SEP03		1	Quarterly Technical Exchange Meeting 4th Qtr
	NS11D16	NSNFP Supplier Evaluations - Qtr 4	23JUN03*	29SEP03		1	NSNFP Supplier Evaluations - Qtr 4
	NS11D20	NSNFP Surveillance - Qtr 4	23JUN03	29SEP03		1	NSNFP Surveillance - Qtr 4
	NS11D25	NSNFP Technical QA Support/Reviews - Qtr 4	23JUN03	29SEP03		Γ	NSNFP Technical QA Support/Reviews - Qtr 4
	NS11D29	NSNFP Procedures/Documents Maintenance - Qtr 4	23JUN03	29SEP03		1	NSNFP Procedures/Documents Maintenance - Qtr 4
	NS11D34	Corrective Action & Trending - Qtr 4	23JUN03	29SEP03		1	Corrective Action & Trending - Qtr 4
	NS11F04	SNF Site Interface - Qtr 4	23JUN03	29SEP03		1	SNF Site Interface - Qtr 4
	NS11D21	NSNFP Internal Audit	30JUN03*	30SEP03		1	NSNFP Internal Audit
Tec	chnology Developn	nent					
V	Veld Development					Е	
	Weld Developme		0100000	04144100		Щ	
	NS55D10	FY-02 C/O - Weld Dev Building Lease	01OCT02	31JAN03		<u> _</u>	FY-02 C/O - Weld Dev Building Lease
DOE	-ID Programs						
Spen	nt Nudear Fuels						
_	SNF-101 Pass Thro	ough					
	DOE-ID Funds						
		DOE-D Funds	02SEP03*	22SEP03		Г	DOE-ID Funds
	NSDOE03	DOE-D Funds	02SEP03*	22SEP03			

Start Date	01OCT02	Parallas	AT01	Sheet 7 of 7
Finish Date	30SEP03	Baseline		
Data Date	01OCT02	Progress Bar	National Spent Nuclear Fuel	
Run Date	11DEC02 15:22	Critical Activity	FY-03	
			DWP03	
			2 1, 2 0	

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Program Management Plan FY-03

Milestone Log

National Spent Nuclea	lational Spent Nuclear Fuel Program														
WBS Element	Milestone Number	Description	DWP Date	Actual Date	Forecast Date	Enforceable Date	Code	Comments							
C.1.07.02.01.02.02	NS22Z17	Issue Phase I & II Criticality Reports	23-Sep-03		23-Sep-03		E2PB								
C.1.07.02.01.02.03	NS23D56	Complete Source Term Report	30-Sep-03		30-Sep-03		E2PB								
C.1.07.02.01.02.03	NS23F51	Complete DBE Report	30-Sep-03		30-Sep-03		E2PB								

12-DEC-2002

Current IPS Database